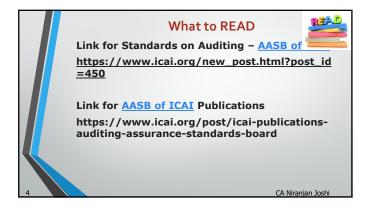
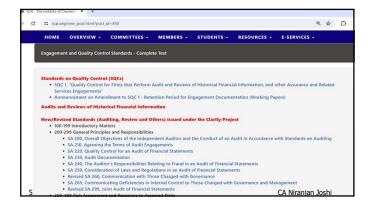


# Disclaimer These are my personal views and can not be construed to be the views of the ICAI or my firm. No representations or warranties are made by the RC/Branch/Study Circle of RC with regard to this presentation. These views do not and shall not be considered as a professional advice. This presentation should not be reproduced in part or in whole, in any manner or form, without our written permission.

CA Niranjan Joshi

# Introduction Audit Planning & Execution Reporting Requirements Documentation CA Niranjan Joshi







# **Fundamental Principles**

Integrity - Straightforward and honest approach, Fair dealing and truthfulness, Do not associate with communication or information containing false or misleading information, Steps to disassociate with above information once known

**Objectivity** - Not to compromise professional or business judgment because of bias, conflict of interest or undue influence of others. Not to undertake a professional activity if it unduly influences the accountant's professional judgment.

**Professional Competence and Due Care** - Attain and maintain professional knowledge and skill, Act diligently and in accordance with applicable technical and professional standards, Ensure appropriate training and supervision of subordinates

## **Fundamental Principles**

Confidentiality - Maintain confidentiality of information acquired as a result of professional and employment relationships, Disclose information when required by law or authorised by the client, Consider relevant factors while deciding disclosure of confidential information, Maintain confidentiality even after the end of relationship with client

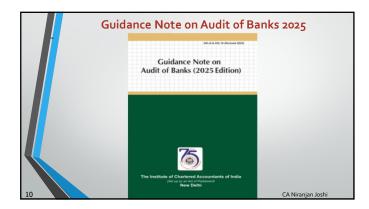
Professional Behaviour - Avoid activities that impair the reputation of the profession, Do not make exaggerated claims for services offered, and disparaging references or unsubstantiated comparisons with others, Do not advertise any professional/other facts which are in violation of Advertisement Guidelines of ICAI

## Threats to Avoid

Self Interest Threat, Self Review Threat, Advocacy Threat,

Familiarity Threat, Intimidation Threat.

# **Audit Process Audit Program Audit Execution Effective Reporting Working Papers** CA Niranjan Josh



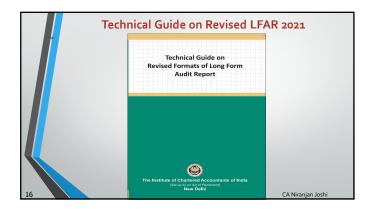
	Audit Trail
	<ul> <li>Management Information System</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Data made available for remote audit</li> </ul>
	Adequate Knowledge of system
	Overall Audit Trail
11	CA Niranjan Joshi

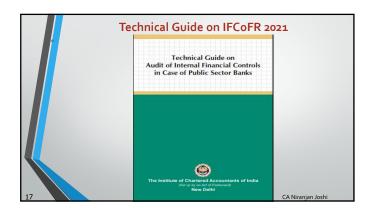
# Applicable Act for the Bank Appointment Letter / Acceptance Letter Closing Manual of Bank NOC of Previous Auditor. Audit Engagement Letter. Basic Information from branch. Audit Program / Checklist Study RBI Circulars Attend Trainings / Workshops / Seminars Have knowledge of current affairs

# Define broadly the scope of audit. Include Certificates in main audit plan. Identify the thrust areas. Set materiality levels standards for each area. Lay down over all time schedule. Training to Audit staff and special skill if required. Weak areas identified during the Audit – extra focus. Physical verification of cash and other securities / Sensitive Accounts Frauds / Sundry Assets / Suspense Account / Inter Branch reconciliation Contingent Liabilities Contingent Liabilities not acknowledged

# Audit Materiality Refer to CAQ Utility \* Define overall materiality based on total advances Use the worksheet to assess overall performance







	LFAR Audit Approach
	Read All questions in LFAR
	Plan & Design Audit Program to cover all aspects of LFAR
	Prepare separate checklists for each point to be reported.
	Record the extent of checking / sample selected.
	Proper documentation & collecting SAAE during the audit
	Write descriptive answers. Avoid Y/N/NA
	Include facts, figures and examples to the extent possible in all answers to the questions.
18	CA Niranjan Joshi

# **LFAR Audit Approach**

Observations resulting in adjustments to account heads needs to be reported along with  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MOC}}$ 

Discuss the contents of report with Branch Management

Obtain Management Representation from Branch Manager on various matters based on Audit.

LFAR is an independent report, hence do not give cross reference or qualifications or  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MOC}}$  in LFAR.

It's a very important report for readers such as SCA and Management of Bank.

CA Niranjan Jos



# Revised LFAR - 05.09.2020

# Long Form Audit Report for FY 2020 - 21 onwards

The format of LFAR, as mentioned below, have been revised:

Annex I for Statutory Central Auditors (SCA)

Annex II for Branch Auditors

An Appendix as part of Annex II for the specialized branches and

 $\underline{\text{Annex III}}$  on Large / Irregular / Critical accounts for branch auditors.

CA Niranjan Josh

Revised	LFAR - or	.09.2020
---------	-----------	----------

The overall objective of the branch audit should be to have transaction testing and provide inputs to the SOAs on adequacy of implementation of various policy and regulatory requirements, including efficacy of the system and assurance functions (risk management, compliance and internal audit) at branch level.

The threshold fixed for different purposes for comments in the shold, the transaction detailing needs to be seen and commented upon. However, below the threshold, the system and processes should be checked and commented upon.

Verification of <u>data integrity</u> and <u>data related control</u> <u>systems</u> and <u>processes</u> should be carried out and commented upon, with the special thrust on those data inputs which are to be used for <u>MIS</u> at corporate office level and for supervisory reporting purposes.

CA Niranian Josh

## Revised LFAR - 05.09.2020

Where any of the comments made by the auditors in their LFAR is adverse, they should consider whether a qualification in their main report is necessary. It should not, however, he assumed that every adverse comment in the LFAR would necessarily result in a qualification in the main report. In deciding whether a qualification in the main report is necessary, the auditors should use their professional judgment in the facts and circumstances of each case.

CA Niranjan Josh

# Overview of LFAR - Assets

## General Instructions for Advances

The answers to the following questions may be based on the auditor's examination of all large advances.

For this purpose, large advances are those in respect of which the outstanding amount is in excess of 10% of outstanding aggregate balance of fund based and non-fund based advances of the branch or 8s.10 crores, whichever is less.

Care - For all accounts above the threshold, the transaction audit/account specific details to be seen and commented, whereas below the threshold, the process needs to be checked and commented upon. Comments of the branch auditor on advances with significant adverse features, which might need the attention of the management Statutory Central Auditors, should be appended to the LFAR.

CA Niranjan Josh

Ov	erv	iew	of	LFAR	- A	SSAT
$\sim$ v	CIV	16 44	VI.	$-1 \land 1 \land$		いろうせん

The critical comments based on the review of the above and other test check should be given in respective paragraphs as given in

List of Advances Accounts examined for Audit

Account Number, Balance as at Year end (Funded), Balance as at Year end (Non Funded), Total. Specify % of examined by SBAs

## **Reporting Requirements**

Statutory Audit Report - Addressed to SCA/Bank

SA 700 - Forming an opinion & Reporting on Financial

SA 701 - Communicating Key Audit Matters

SA 705 - Modifications to the opinion in the independent auditors report

SA 706 - Emphasis of Matter Paragraph or Other Matter Paragraph

SA 720 - Auditors Responsibility relating to Other Information

KAM / Modified Opinion / EOM / OM - all are different.

**Compliance with Accounting Standards to be** mentioned in main report.

Qualifications can be through Memorandum of Changes or Specific remarks in the last para.

**Illustrative Format Bank Audit Guidance Note** 

Add annexures / supporting documents to the report wherever necessary

**Reporting Requirements** 

	Memorandum of Cha	nges	– МОС	
	Memorandum of Chang	ges (su	mmary)	
		No.	Increase	Decrease
	In respect of Income			
	In respect of expenditure			
	In respect of Assets			
	In respect of Liabilities			
	In respect of Gross NPAs			
	In respect of Provision on NPAs			
	In respect of Classification of Advances			
	In respect of Risk Weighted Assets			
	Other items (if any)			
28			CA Ni	ranjan Joshi

Cert	tification
Audit Report is a <u>reasonable</u>	Assurance
Audit Certificate is <u>Absolute</u>	Assurance
Bank Branch Audit Certificate	es
(Reasonable / Limited Assura	ance)
- Branch Returns	

- Tax Audit Reports

- LFAR

- Branch Returns - Audit Reports - Memorandum of Changes

- Jilani & Ghosh Certificate

- Other Certificates

Returns to be verified. Closing balance to be reconciled with the GL Heads

Ensure the correctness of financial implication caused due to frauds

Ensure the correctness of financial / non-financial

One UDIN will suffice for the Bank Audit Report

SBA's may also refer Illustrative format of covering report for Certificates as prescribed in Guidance Note on Audit of Banks

CA Niranjan Joshi

10

Other	Certificate
Other	Certificate

information given in certificates.

including LFAR and certificates.

	Type of A	Assurance
Particulars	Reasonable Assurance	Limited Assurance
Level of Assurance	High but not absolute	Lower than reasonable
Procedures	Wider Scope – Verify relevant documentation, inquiries, testing internal controls to assess compliance, analytical procedures	Narrower Scope – Review of Financials and other relevant documentation, inquiries, analytical procedures
Expression	Opinion	Conclusion
Example	In our opinion, the entity has <b>complied</b> , in all material respects, with XYZ law; or In our opinion, the Statement of XYZ is <b>properly prepared</b> , in all <b>material respects</b> , based on XYZ criteria	Based on the procedures performed and evidence obtained, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that (the entity) has not complied, in all material respects, with XYZ law
31		CA Niranjan Joshi



r n
n
of
е

### Standards on Auditing

Risk Assessment and Response to Assessed Risks

SA 300 - Planning an Audit of Financial Statements\*

SA 315 - Identifying and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement through Understanding the Entity and Its Environment\*

SA 320 - Materiality in Planning and Performing an Audit\*

SA 330 - The Auditor's Responses to Assessed Risks\*

SA 402 - Audit Considerations Relating to an Entity Using a Service Organization\*

SA 450 - Evaluation of Misstatements Identified during the Audit $^{\star}$ 

CA Niranjan Joshi

# Standards on Auditing

### **Audit Evidence**

SA 500 - Audit Evidence\*

SA 501 - Audit Evidence - Specific Considerations for Selected Items\*

SA 505 - External Confirmations\*

SA 510 - Initial Audit Engagements—Opening Balances\*

SA 520 - Analytical Procedures\*

SA 530 - Audit Sampling\*

CA Niranjan Joshi

## Standards on Auditing

## **Audit Evidence**

SA 540 - Auditing Accounting Estimates, Including Fair Value Accounting Estimates, and Related Disclosures\*

SA 550 - Related Parties\*

SA 560 - Subsequent Events\*

SA 570 - Going Concern\*

SA 580 - Written Representations\*

CA Niranjan Joshi

	Standards on Auditing
	Using work of others
	SA 600 - Using the Work of Another Auditor*
	SA 610 - Using the Work of Internal Auditors*
	SA 620 - Using the Work of an Auditor's Expert*
37	CA Niranjan Joshi

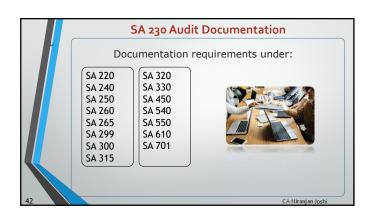
# Standards on Auditing **Audit Conclusions and Reporting** SA 700 - Forming an Opinion and Reporting on Financial SA 701 - Communicating Key Audit Matters in the Independent Auditor's Report\* SA 705 - Modifications to the Opinion in the Independent Auditor's Report\* SA 706 - Emphasis of Matter Paragraphs and Other Matter Paragraphs in the Independent Auditor's Report\* SA 710 - Comparative Information - Corresponding Figures and Comparative Financial Statements\* SA 720 - The Auditor's Responsibility in Relation to Other Information\*

CA Niranjan Joshi

# **Auditing Standards Compliance** Refer to CAQ Utility \* Define overall responsibility to team members at the time of planning regarding performance and documentation Ensure that work is performed as per guidance given in professional standards wherever applicable CA Niranjan Joshi

	SA 230 Audit Documentation Nature & Purpose of Audit Documentation
	Evidence of Auditors basis for a conclusion about the achievement of overall objectives of the auditor and
	Evidence that the audit was planned and performed in accordance with SAs and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.
40	CA Niranjan Joshi

# Hence, important to conduct audit as per SA & adequately document the same to serve as an audit trail to ensure NIL error or negligence in discharge of professional duties Auditor is held guilty of professional misconduct if he/she fails to comply with the requirements of SA's



### **Audit Documentation**

Record of audit procedures performed, relevant audit evidence obtained & conclusions reached (working – work papers)

Assists planning, performing, accountability & responsibility fixation, audit supervision & review

Record retention for future audits, & conduct of quality controls (SQC 1).

CA Niranian Josh

# SA 230 – Audit Documentation Prepare documentation that provides Sufficient & Appropriate record of basis of auditor's report Evidence that audit was planned & performed in accordance with SAs

# SA 230 – Audit Documentation

## Provides

- I. evidence of auditor's basis to conclude on achieving overall audit objectives ; &
- II. evidence that audit was planned & performed as per SAs & applicable legal, regulatory requirements.

Timely, sufficient & appropriate audit documentation enhances audit quality,

facilitates effective review & evaluation of audit evidence obtained & conclusions reached before finalizing audit reports.

CA Niranjan Joshi

# SA 230 – What to Document Discussions of significant matters & it's nature - when & with whom (management, TCWG & others) it took place. prepare & retain a summary (Completion Memorandum) describing significant matters identified & addressed during audit Review of audit work by review of audit documentation. SQC 1 - Firms to establish policies & procedures for retention of engagement documentation > 7 years from date of audit report / group auditor's report. ICAI - Implementation guide to SA 230 - FAQs, checklist, case studies & illustrative working paper formats

# SA 230 – Audit Files Permanent Audit File Working Papers File

	SA 230 – Form and Contents
	To understand:
	The nature, timing and extent of the audit procedures performed.
	Results of audit procedures performed, audit evidence obtained.
	Significant matters arising during the audit, the conclusions reached thereon, and significant professional judgment made in reaching those conclusions.
48	CA Niranjan Joshi

# SA 230 – Documentation Audit Documentation depends on factors such as: Size and complexity of entity

Nature of the audit procedures to be performed Identified risks of material misstatements Significance of the audit evidence obtained Nature and extent of exceptions identified Audit methodology and tools used

CA Niranian Jos

# SA 230 – Documentation

Examples of Audit Documentation:
(Paper / Electronic/Other media)
Audit Programs
Analyses
Issues memoranda
Summary of Significant matters
Letters of confirmations and representations
Checklists
Correspondence regarding significant matters.

A Niranjan Josh



## **PEER REVIEW**

Inspection mainly consists of examination of documentation (working papers) and other records maintained by the practice unit.

Practice unit should have written guidelines for maintaining working papers (form and content)

Working papers should contain all audit evidence, and are cross-referenced.  $% \label{eq:contain}%$ 

Updation of audit working papers including permanent records. (Continuous Audit)

The working papers should be properly filed in order to ensure that they are easily retrievable.

CA Niranjan Joshi

